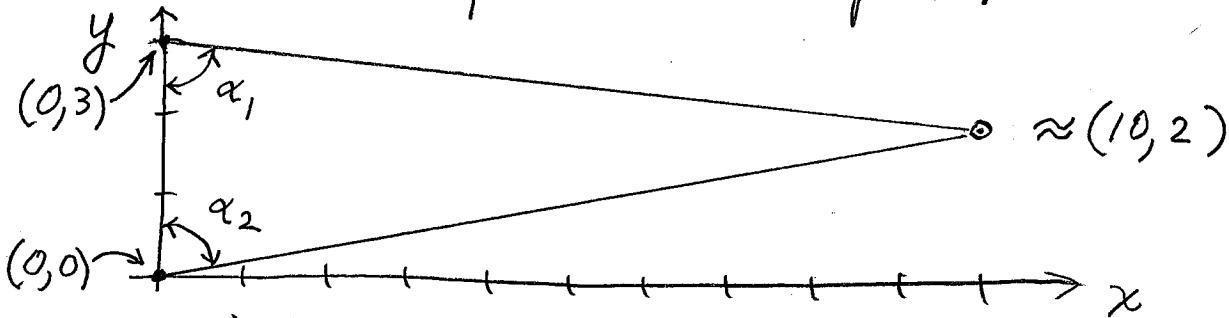


Homework 1, Adj. of Geospatial Observations
assigned Mon, 29 Aug. 2011, Due Tues., 6 Sep.

1. Practice with Matlab and Error Propagation/Simulation

For the following figure, take the nominal α_1, α_2 , perturb them with normally distributed random errors ($\mu=0, \sigma=0.1^\circ$) Solve for the intersection point, and plot it. Do this 1000 times to generate "scatter plot". What do you think about the shape of the scatter plot?

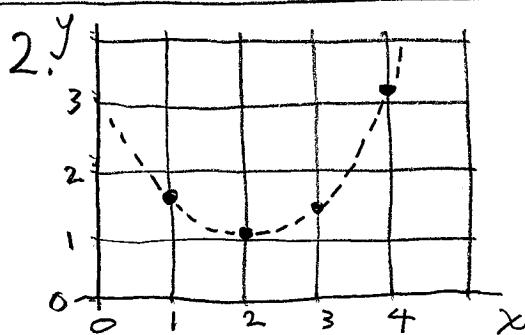


$$\begin{aligned} \text{nominal } \alpha_1 &= 84^\circ.289406862 \\ \text{nominal } \alpha_2 &= 78^\circ.690067526 \end{aligned}$$

(note: this one is not a least squares problem)

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \text{random('norm', mean, std, } \\ &\quad m, n) \\ Ax &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= A^{-1}b, \quad \text{inv}(A)*b \\ \text{plot}(x, y, '*') \\ \text{hold on} \end{aligned}$$



x	y
1	1.52
2	1.05
3	1.46
4	3.11

Fit a parabola to the 4 data points shown at left, by least squares. Use the scalar variable approach shown in lecture 3. x 's constant, y 's observations. Use model $y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2$, n_0 will be 3. Observations have equal precision and are uncorrelated. Use indirect observations, show results for the 3 parameters, the residuals, and the adjusted observations.