

$$a_1^T K_b a_2 = 0$$

$$a_2 = \frac{1}{K} M^T C \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{K_1 K_2} (x_1 \ y_1 \ 1) C_1^T \underbrace{M_1 K_b M_2^T}_{\substack{E \\ F}} C_2 \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

E: Essential Matrix

F: Fundamental Matrix

$$[x_1 \ y_1 \ 1) F \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$[x_1 - x_0 \ y_1 - y_0 \ -f) E \begin{pmatrix} x_2 - x_0 \\ y_2 - y_0 \\ -f \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$(x_1 \ y_1 \ 1) C_1^T$$



3x3

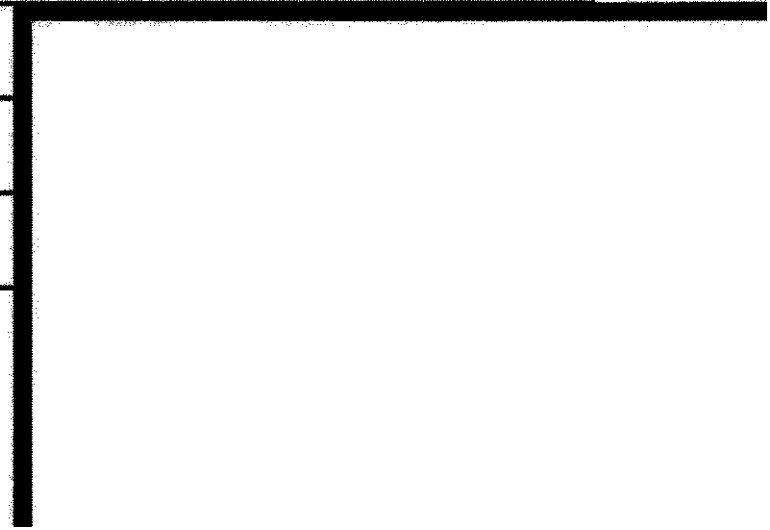
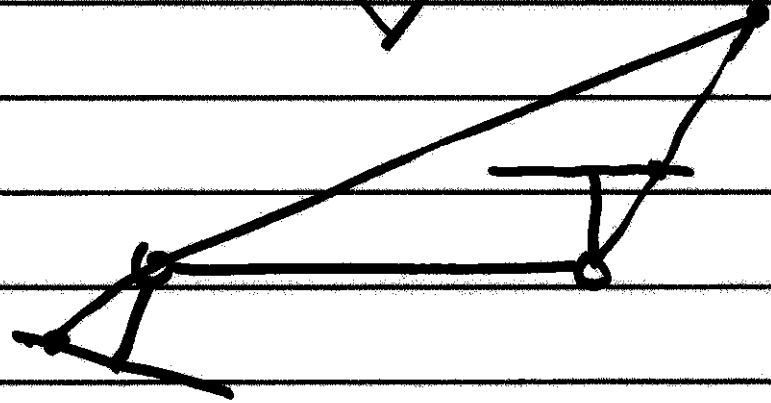
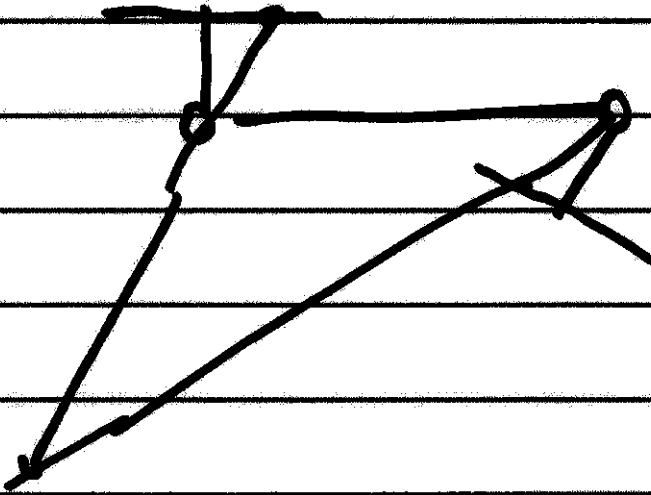
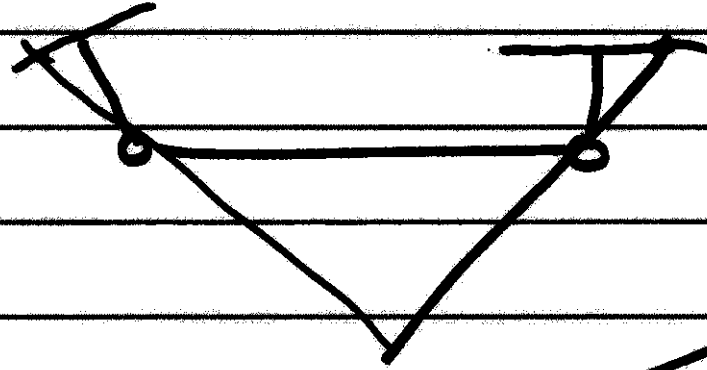
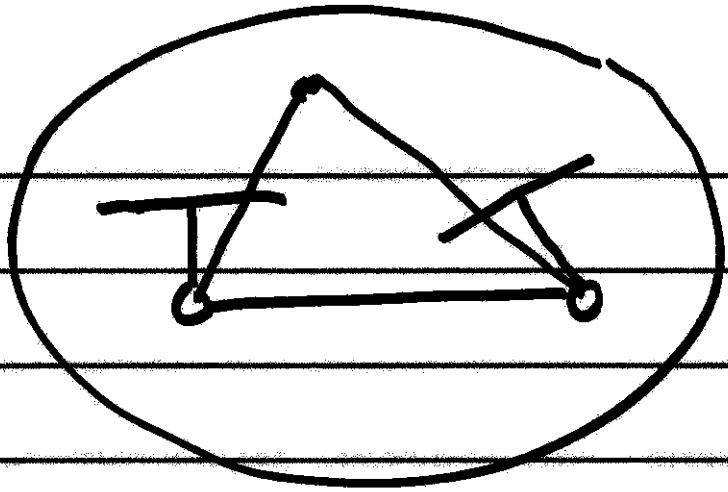
5 parameters of relative
orientation

$$(x_1 \ y_1 \ -f) \begin{pmatrix} e_{11} & e_{12} & e_{13} \\ e_{21} & e_{22} & e_{23} \\ e_{31} & e_{32} & e_{33} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ -f \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$x_1 x_2 e_{11} + x_2 y_1 e_{21} - x_2 f e_{31} + y_2 x_1 e_{12} + y_2 y_1 e_{22} - y_2 f e_{32} - f x_1 e_{13} - f y_1 e_{23} + f^2 e_{33} = 0$$

$$\left[x_1 x_2 \quad x_2 y_1 \quad -x_2 f \quad y_2 x_1 \quad y_2 y_1 \quad -y_2 f \quad -f x_1 \quad -f y_1 \right] \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{matrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e_{11} \\ e_{21} \\ \vdots \\ e_{23} \end{bmatrix} = -f^2$$



Extract physical parameters from E

$$E = USV^T$$

$$M_2 = UVV^T \text{ or } UWT^T$$

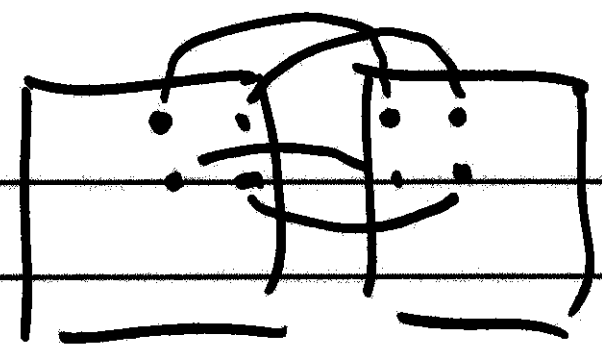
$$b = u_3 \text{ or } -u_3$$

where u last column of U

$$W = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

8-point algorithm

with 8 points

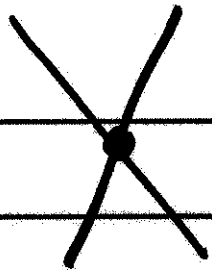


⇒ unique LINEAR solution
with more points

⇒ unique LINEAR LS solution

$$E = \underbrace{M_1}_I \underbrace{K_b}_b \underbrace{M_2^T}_T$$

$$I \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -b_z & b_y \\ b_z & 0 & -b_x \\ -b_y & b_x & 0 \end{bmatrix} M_2^T$$

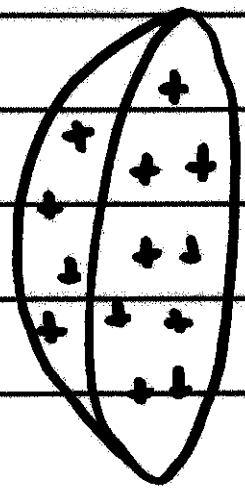


I, M_2, b

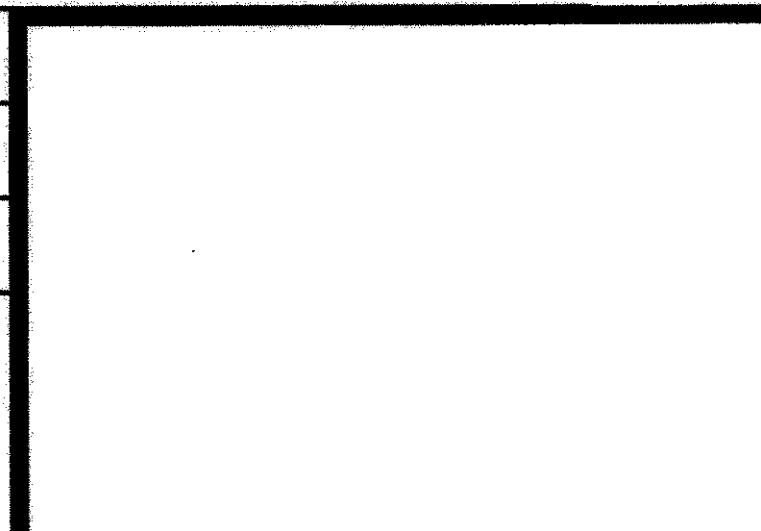
$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ -f \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} x - x_c \\ y - y_c \\ z - z_c \end{pmatrix}$$

Select which of 4 cases has intersected point in front of the cameras (both)

Signalized Points or Targets + Automation to locate



close range applications



Sample covariance

$$S_{xy} = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})$$

ρ_{xy} : correlation coefficient
normalized covariance $-1 \rightarrow +1$

$$\rho_{xy} = \frac{\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

$$s_x = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

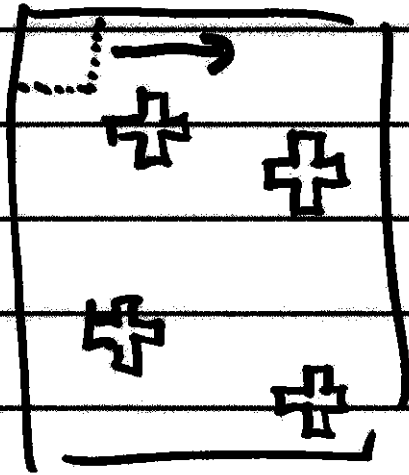
$$\rho_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{(n-1) s_x s_y}$$

next: simplify it

$$r_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\left[\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2 \right]^{1/2}}$$

template
matching

Sample correlation coefficient
cross correlation



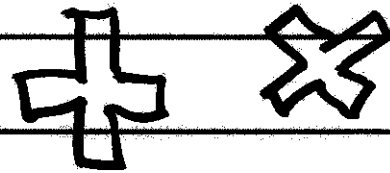
image



template



response
function
threshold



famous property of Fourier Transform:
multiplication in Freq. Domain corresponds
to convolution in Time/Space Domain

$$\text{DFT: } X(k) = \sum_{n=0}^N x(n) e^{-i2\pi kn/N}$$

$$\text{IDFT: } x(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^N X(k) e^{i2\pi kn/N}$$

$x(n)$: space domain

$X(k)$: freq. domain

Correlation closely related to
convolution

if data length = 2^n

Fast Fourier Transform : FFT

signal, image template

1. transform signal & template to Freq. Domain
2. multiply (element by element)
3. inverse transform back to space domain
4. CC response map

$$F_x: x - x_0 + dx + f \frac{u}{w} = 0$$

$$F_y: y - y_0 + dy + f \frac{v}{w} = 0$$

$$dx = (x - x_0) \frac{dr}{r} = (x - x_0) \frac{k_1 r^3 + k_2 r^5 + k_3 r^7}{r}$$

$$dy = (y - y_0) \frac{dr}{r} = \dots$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} x - x_c \\ y - y_c \\ z - z_c \end{pmatrix}$$

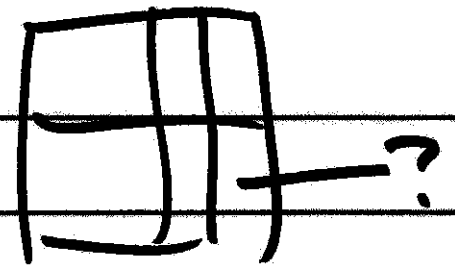
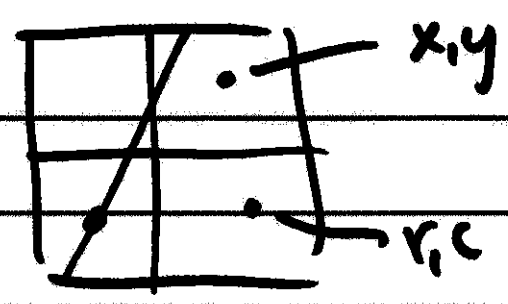
Bundle Block Adj
w/ self calibration

unknowns: $x_c, y_c, z_c, w, \phi, k$

→ $f, x_0, y_0, k_1, k_2, k_3$

XYZ object points

Feature Modelling



- straight linear feature ✓
- circular feature ✓
- ellipse
- spline

