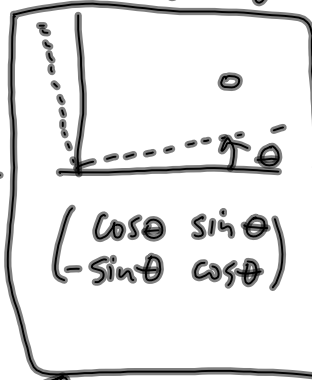
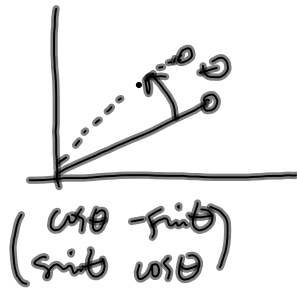


HW2 : precision: provide enough digits

15-1



notes +
textbook
use this
one

Two choices to define "positive" rotation.
Pick one and be consistent. My notes + textbook
use the 2nd convention.

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R/O : computer vision

15-2

$$\vec{a}_1 \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{a}_2) = 0$$

$$\vec{a}_1^T K_b \vec{a}_2 = 0$$

$$\vec{a}_1 = M_1^T \begin{bmatrix} x - x_0 \\ y - y_0 \\ -f \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_1^T \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -x_0 \\ 0 & 1 & -y_0 \\ 0 & 0 & -f \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a}_2 = M_2^T [c] \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[x_1 \ y_1 \ 1] \underbrace{c^T M_1 K_b M_2^T c}_{\substack{E \\ F}} \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Essential Matrix
Fundamental Matrix

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$$[x, y, 1]^T E c \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

15-3

$$\boxed{[x-x_0, y-y_0, -f] E \begin{pmatrix} x_1-x_0 \\ y_1-y_0 \\ -f \end{pmatrix} = 0}$$

5 parameters of
R/O inside E

$$[x, y, 1]^T F \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}, -f) \begin{bmatrix} e_{11} & e_{12} & e_{13} \\ e_{21} & e_{22} & e_{23} \\ e_{31} & e_{32} & e_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_1 \\ \bar{x}_2 \\ -f \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

 x, y obs e_{ij} unknowns

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$$\bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 e_{11} + \bar{x}_2 \bar{y}_1 e_{21} - \bar{x}_2 f e_{31} + \bar{y}_2 \bar{x}_1 e_{12} +$$

15-4

$$\bar{y}_2 \bar{y}_1 e_{22} - \bar{y}_2 f e_{32} - f \bar{x}_1 e_{13} - f \bar{y}_1 e_{23} +$$

$$f^2 e_{33} = 0 \rightarrow 1$$

If E were solution, then λE also solution
 resolve scale ambiguity $e_{33} = 1$

8 unknowns

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 & \bar{x}_2 \bar{y}_1 & -\bar{x}_2 f & \bar{y}_2 \bar{x}_1 & \bar{y}_2 \bar{y}_1 & -\bar{y}_2 f & -f \bar{x}_1 & -f \bar{y}_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e_{11} \\ e_{21} \\ e_{31} \\ e_{12} \\ e_{22} \\ e_{32} \\ e_{13} \\ e_{23} \end{bmatrix} = -f^2$$

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8 points \Rightarrow 8 equations \Rightarrow 8 unknowns
 \Rightarrow unique solution

15-5

or with redundancy solve 8 e_{ij} 's

$$E = M_1 K_s M_2^T = \mathbb{I} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -b_z & b_y \\ b_z & 0 & -b_x \\ b_y & b_x & 0 \end{bmatrix} M_2^T$$

make SVD singular value decomp.
 b_x, b_y, b_z M_2

$$E = U S V^T$$

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$[u, s, v] = \text{svd}(E)$ matlab syntax

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u, s, v

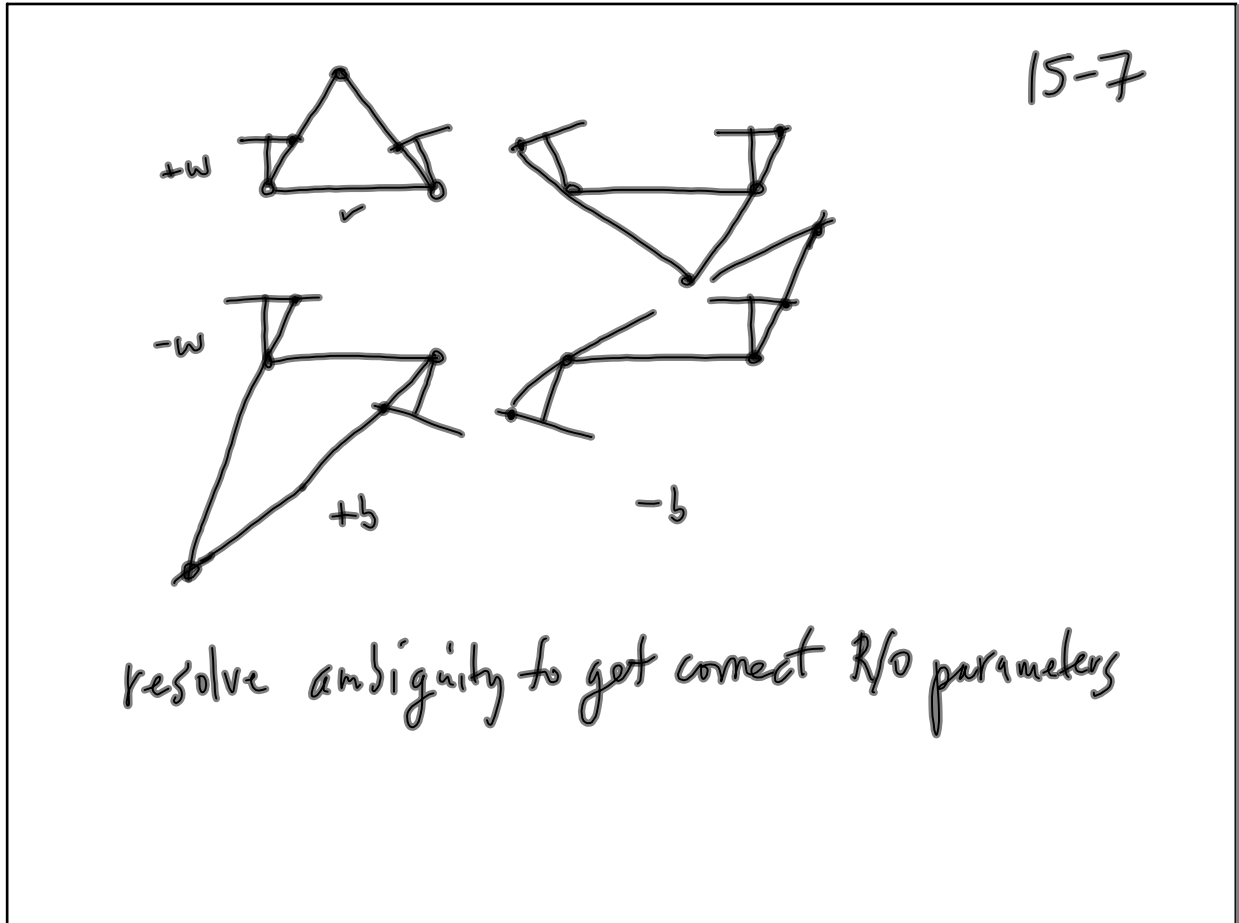
M_2 either UW^T OR $UW^T V^T$ ✓

$$\text{where } W = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

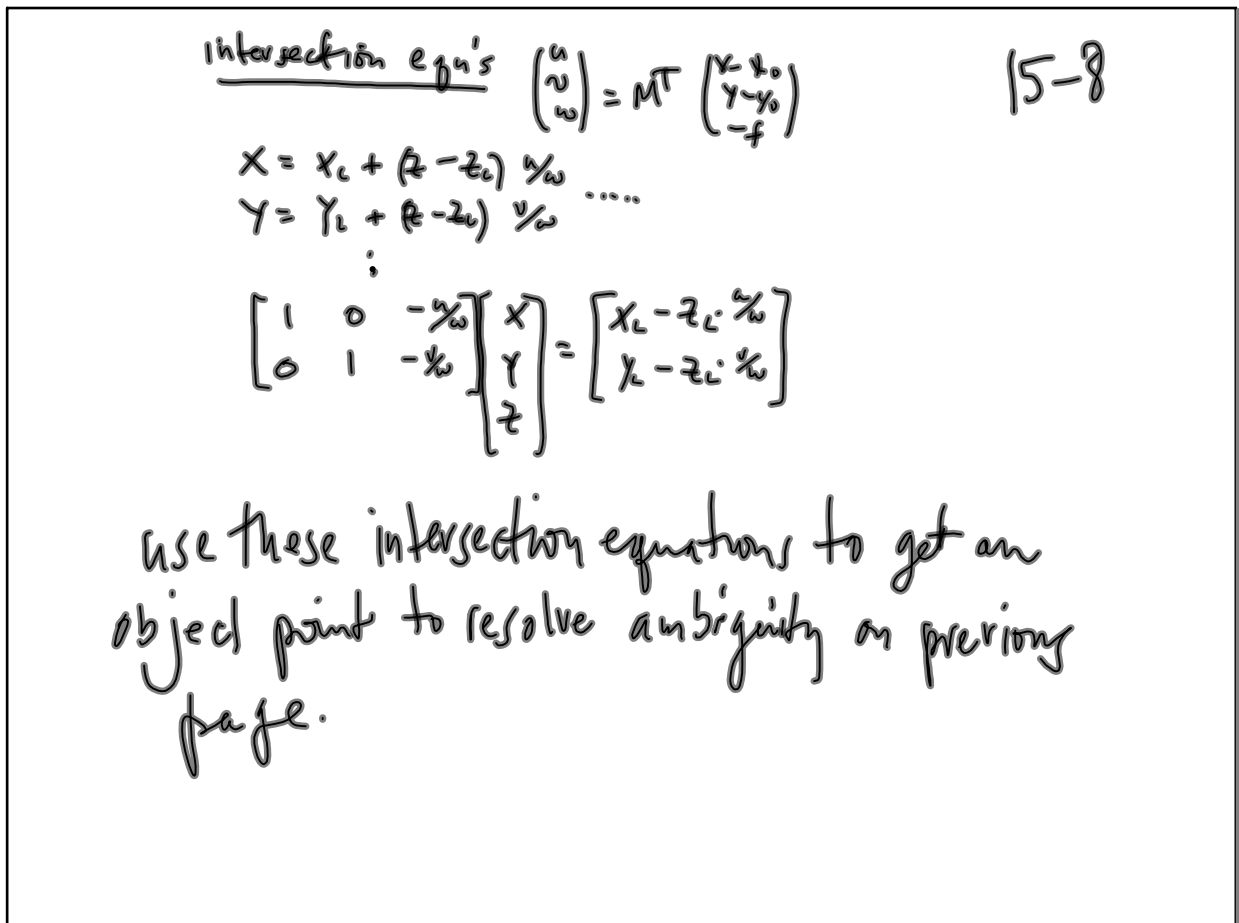
b either u_3 OR $-u_3$ ✓

M_3 : 3rd column of U

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$$\begin{pmatrix} \square \\ \square \\ \square \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} x - x_c \\ y - y_c \\ z - z_c \end{pmatrix}$$

15-9

if 3rd element negative for both cameras, that is the solution is
 $b, M \rightarrow \omega, \phi, k$

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Stereo environments

15-10

anaglyph : L: red, R: blue

optical : stereoscopes
viewmaster

flicker : 120 Hz, active glasses
synchronized w/ monitor

polarization : bezel, switches between
2 polarization states

auto stereo:  passive
lenticular lenses

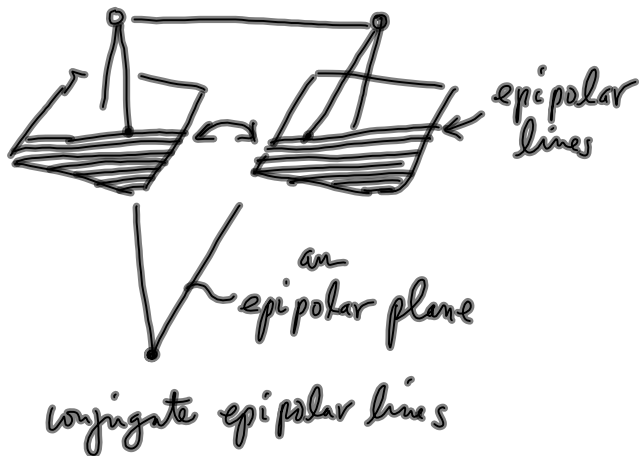
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for any stereo environment, must present L+R images oriented so no parallax

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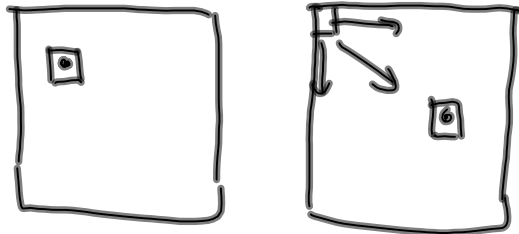
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2 major applications for epipolar resampling

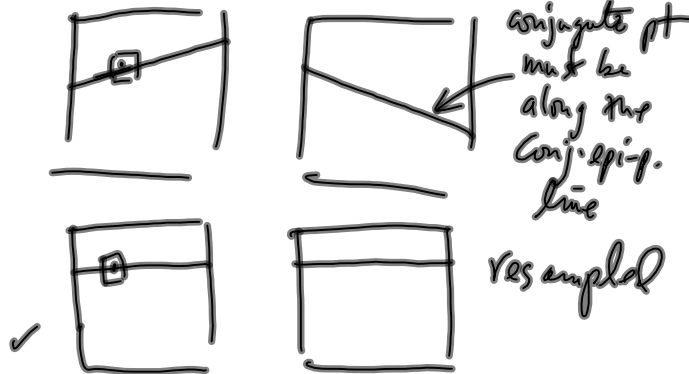
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(a) stereo environments

(b) matching / correspondence problem



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