

# Statistical and Econometric Methods for Transportation Data Analysis

## Chapter 11 – Count Data Models

Example 11.6 (should be Example 11.8, typo in book)  
Count Data – Zero-Inflated Models and RPZIP

You are given 204 observations from a travel survey conducted in the Seattle metropolitan area. The purpose of the survey was to study the number of times (per week) commuters' delayed their departure time on their work-to-home trip to avoid traffic congestion. The data are non-negative integers and are thus well suited to the Poisson regression approach. You are estimating a parameter vector  $\beta$  such that:

$$\lambda = \text{EXP}(\beta X)$$

where  $\lambda$  is the Poisson parameter that in this case is the expected number of departure changes per week.

Recall that in Example 11.3 we used variable X2 (see next page) to eliminate people in the sample that said they never delayed (leaving just 96 observations). In this assignment, use the full 204 observations and explore various zero-inflated Poisson (ZIP), zero-inflated negative binomial (ZINB) and random parameters (RPZIP) possibilities.

Include a discussion of your findings with the various model forms (including random parameters) and a select and discuss what you believe to be your best model.

Variables available for your specification are (file Ex11-6.txt)

Variable Number	Explanation
x1	Household number
x2	Do you ever delay work-to-home departure to avoid traffic congestion? 1-yes, 0-no
x3	If sometimes delay, on average how many minutes do you delay?
x4	If sometimes delay, do you 1-perform additional work, 2-engage in non-work activities, or 3-do both?
x5	If sometimes delay, how many times have you delayed in the past week?
x6	Mode of transportation used work-to-home: 1-car SOV, 2-carpool, 3-vanpool, 4-bus, 5 other.
x7	Primary route (work-to-home): 1-I90, 2-I5, 3-SR520, 4-I405, 5-other
x8	Do you generally encounter traffic congestion on your work-to-home trip? 1-yes, 2-no
x9	Age: 1-(<25), 2-(26-30), 3-(31-35), 4-(36-40), 5-(41-45), 6-(46-50), 7-(>50)
x10	Gender: 1-male, 0-female
x11	Number of cars in household
x12	Number of children in household
x13	Income: 1 - less than 20000, 2 - 20000 to 29999, 3 - 30000 to 39999, 4 - 40000 to 49999, 5 - 50000 to 59999, 6 - >60000
x14	Do you have flexible work hours? 1-yes, 0-no
x15	Distance from work to home (in miles)
x16	Face LOS D or worse? 1-yes, 0-no
x17	Ratio of actual travel time to free-flow travel time
x18	Population of work zone
x19	Retail employment in work zone
x20	Service employment in work zone
x21	Size of work zone (in acres)

```

--> RESET
--> read;nvar=21;nobs=204;file=D:Ex11-6.txt$
--> create;if(x7=3)sr520=1$
--> create;if(x7=2)I5=1$
--> create;if(x13=6)highinc=1$
--> create;if(x6=1)sov=1$
--> dstat;rhs=x5$
```

Descriptive Statistics  
All results based on nonmissing observations.

Variable	Mean	Std.Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Cases
X5	.862745098D+00	.131335854D+01	.000000000D+00	.500000000D+01	204

```
--> histogram;rhs=x5$
```

Histogram for Variable X5

```
--> poisson;lhs=x5
;rhs=one,sr520,x14,x15,x17
;zip
;limit=6,truncation;upper$
```

Normal exit from iterations. Exit status=0.

```
+-----+
| Zero Altered Poisson      Regression Model
| Logistic distribution used for splitting model.
| ZAP term in probability is F[tau x ln LAMBDA]
| Comparison of estimated models
|     Pr[0|means]          Number of zeros      Log-likelihood
| Poisson       .56606   Act.=    126 Prd.=   115.5      -226.14085
| Z.I.Poisson   .46033   Act.=    126 Prd.=    93.9      -199.33319
| Note, the ZIP log-likelihood is not directly comparable.
| ZIP model with nonzero Q does not encompass the others.
| Vuong statistic for testing ZIP vs. unaltered model is      8.2473
| Distributed as standard normal. A value greater than
| +1.96 favors the zero altered Z.I.Poisson model.
| A value less than -1.96 rejects the ZIP model.
+-----+
```

Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	b/St.Er.	P[ Z >z]	Mean of X
Constant	-1.209309706	.23735218	-5.095	.0000	
SR520	-.2495955115	.76016669E-01	-3.283	.0010	.13725490
X14	-.5167564012E-01	.55712270E-01	-.928	.3536	.62254902
X15	-.1333964424E-02	.50948915E-02	-.262	.7935	7.1519608
X17	.8695039383	.14837588	5.860	.0000	1.6107843
Tau	-12.03260123	5.2865738	-2.276	.0228	

```
--> poisson;lhs=x5
:rhs=one,sr520,x14,x15,x17
:rh2=one,sov
:zip
:limit=6,truncation;upper$
```

-----+  
Zero Altered Poisson      Regression Model  
Logistic distribution used for splitting model.  
ZAP term in probability is F[tau x Z(i) ]  
Comparison of estimated models  
Pr[0|means]      Number of zeros      Log-likelihood  
Poisson      .56606      Act.= 126 Prd.= 115.5      -226.14085  
Z.I.Poisson      .56590      Act.= 126 Prd.= 115.4      -220.81374  
Note, the ZIP log-likelihood is not directly comparable.  
ZIP model with nonzero Q does not encompass the others.  
Vuong statistic for testing ZIP vs. unaltered model is      1.8530  
Distributed as standard normal. A value greater than  
+1.96 favors the zero altered Z.I.Poisson model.  
A value less than -1.96 rejects the ZIP model.

Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error  b/St.Er.	P[ Z >z]	Mean of X
Poisson/Negbin regression model				
Constant	-3.492857734	.41471885	-8.422	.0000
SR520	-.3855394991	.22534217	-1.711	.0871    .13725490
X14	-.2250906578	.14615471	-1.540	.1235    .62254902
X15	.3696268779E-01	.17421499E-01	2.122	.0339    7.1519608
X17	1.912795285	.20605998	9.283	.0000    1.6107843
Zero inflation model				
Constant	-.3772053113	.46586747	-.810	.4181
SOV	-2.324911731	1.4480426	-1.606	.1084    .59313725

```
--> poisson;lhs=x5
:rhs=one,sr520,x14,x15,x17
:zip
:model=N
:limit=6,truncation;upper$
```

-----+  
Zero Altered Neg.Binomial Regression Model  
Logistic distribution used for splitting model.  
ZAP term in probability is F[tau x ln LAMBDA]  
Comparison of estimated models  
Pr[0|means]      Number of zeros      Log-likelihood  
Poisson      .56606      Act.= 126 Prd.= 115.5      -226.14085  
Neg. Bin.      .61350      Act.= 126 Prd.= 125.2      -220.68452  
Z.I.Neg\_Bin      .42579      Act.= 126 Prd.= 86.9      -198.31463  
Note, the ZIP log-likelihood is not directly comparable.  
ZIP model with nonzero Q does not encompass the others.  
Vuong statistic for testing ZIP vs. unaltered model is      4.1446  
Distributed as standard normal. A value greater than  
+1.96 favors the zero altered Z.I.Neg\_Bin model.  
A value less than -1.96 rejects the ZIP model.

Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	b/St.Er.	P[ Z >z]	Mean of X
Poisson/Negbin regression model					
Constant	-1.132160907	.27064664	-4.183	.0000	
SR520	-.2347356955	.77650707E-01	-3.023	.0025	.13725490
X14	-.3953279550E-01	.51871475E-01	-.762	.4460	.62254902
X15	-.2433312602E-02	.45159412E-02	-.539	.5900	7.1519608
X17	.8299799896	.18034207	4.602	.0000	1.6107843
Alpha	.1575228125	.12823113	1.228	.2193	
Zero inflation model					
Tau	-15.58052825	7.7538129	-2.009	.0445	

--> poisson;lhs=x5  
;rhs=one,sr520,x14,x15,x17  
;rh2=one,sov  
;zip=normal  
;limit=6,truncation,upper\$

Zero Altered Poisson Regression Model					
Normal distribution used for splitting model.					
ZAP term in probability is F[tau x Z(i) ]					
Comparison of estimated models					
	Pr[0 means]	Number of zeros	Log-likelihood		
Poisson	.56606	Act.= 126	Prd.= 115.5	-226.14085	
Z.I.Poisson	.57118	Act.= 126	Prd.= 116.5	-220.81374	
Note, the ZIP log-likelihood is not directly comparable.					
ZIP model with nonzero Q does not encompass the others.					
Vuong statistic for testing ZIP vs. unaltered model is 1.8530					
Distributed as standard normal. A value greater than +1.96 favors the zero altered Z.I.Poisson model.					
A value less than -1.96 rejects the ZIP model.					

Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	b/St.Er.	P[ Z >z]	Mean of X
Poisson/Negbin regression model					
Constant	-3.492857740	.41471885	-8.422	.0000	
SR520	-.3855394981	.22534217	-1.711	.0871	.13725490
X14	-.2250906487	.14615471	-1.540	.1235	.62254902
X15	.3696268826E-01	.17421499E-01	2.122	.0339	7.1519608
X17	1.912795283	.20605998	9.283	.0000	1.6107843
Zero inflation model					
Constant	-.2357815939	.28973879	-.814	.4158	
SOV	-1.295511133	.71119258	-1.822	.0685	.59313725

```
--> poisson;lhs=x5
;rhs=one,sr520,x14,x15,x17
;rh2=one,x17
;zip=normal
;rpm;pts=200;halton
;fcn=x14(n)
;limit=6;truncation;upper$
```

Normal exit from iterations. Exit status=0.

Random Coefficients PoissnRE Model						
Maximum Likelihood Estimates						
Model estimated: Mar 27, 2015 at 11:31:42AM.						
Dependent variable X5						
Weighting variable	None					
Number of observations	204					
Iterations completed	22					
Log likelihood function	-195.6231					
Number of parameters	8					
Info. Criterion: AIC =	1.99630					
Finite Sample: AIC =	1.99992					
Info. Criterion: BIC =	2.12643					
Info. Criterion: HQIC =	2.04894					
Restricted log likelihood	-317.3815					
McFadden Pseudo R-squared	.3836343					
Chi squared	243.5169					
Degrees of freedom	1					
Prob[ChiSq > value] =	.0000000					
Sample is 1 pds and 204 individuals.						
Zero Inflated Poisson Regression						
Logistic regime switch prob.						
Simulation based on 200 Halton draws						
+-----+						
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+	Variable	Coefficient	Standard Error	b/St.Er.	P[ Z >z]	Mean of X
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+	+Nonrandom parameters					
Constant	.58137220	.66978847	.868	.3854		
SR520	-.60139261	.22515050	-2.671	.0076	.13725490	
X15	-.01671538	.02272027	-.736	.4619	7.15196078	
X17	.16735932	.30748015	.544	.5862	1.61078431	
+Means for random parameters						
X14	-.27423360	.17445440	-1.572	.1160	.62254902	
+Scale parameters for dists. of random parameters						
X14	.25507151	.10545545	2.419	.0156		
+Variables in ZERO regime logit probability						
Constant	11.7992053	2.61257755	4.516	.0000		
X17	-7.51629209	1.75277907	-4.288	.0000	.0000000	

Implied standard deviations of random parameters

Matrix S.D\_Beta has 1 rows and 1 columns.

1	
1	.25507